

SeaForce 30

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/ undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: SeaForce 30
Product code	: 1538
Product description	: Paint.
Product type	: Liquid.
Other means of identification	: Not available.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use in coatings - Professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Jotun Paints (Europe) Ltd. Stather Road Flixborough, Scunthorpe North Lincolnshire DN15 8RR England

Tel: +44 17 24 40 00 00 Fax: +44 17 24 40 01 00 SDSJotun@jotun.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Contact NHS Direct; phone 0845 4647 or 111. Open 24/7.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

SECTION 2. Hazarus	IIIIICalloii	
Signal word	Danger.	
Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. 	
Precautionary statements		
General	lot applicable.	
Prevention	 2201 - Obtain special instructions before use. 2261 - Avoid breathing vapour. 2280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective lothing. 2210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ign ources. No smoking. 2271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. 	nition
Deenenee	2273 - Avoid release to the environment.	
Response	2391 - Collect spillage. 2304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortabl preathing. 2222 - If a kin initiation annual accuracy Categorian attention.	e for
	2333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. 2305 + P351 + P338 + P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for sev ninutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. mmediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.	veral
Storage	2403 - Store in a well-ventilated place. 2235 - Keep cool.	
Disposal	2501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regiona ational and international regulations.	al,
Hazardous ingredients	licopper oxide ylene olophony ineb atty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	
Supplemental label elements	lot applicable.	
Additional information	Antifouling. Active substances: dicopper oxide (CAS 1317-39-1) 28.8% w/w, z CAS 12122-67-7) 7.0% w/w. Read Technical Data Sheet and Safety Data Sh refore use. Do not reuse empty containers. For professional use only.	
Additional information	ISE No. 8237 DO NOT BREATHE SPRAY MIST. WEAR SUITABLE PROTE CLOTHING (COVERALLS OF A CONTRASTING COLOUR TO THE PRODU BEING APPLIED, UNDERNEATH A DISPOSABLE COVERALL WITH HOOD GUITABLE GLOVES AND IMPERVIOUS FOOTWEAR THAT PROTECTS TH OWER LEG. WEAR SUITABLE RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT (such as air- espiratory protective equipment with combined protective helmet and visor) w praying. WEAR SUITABLE RESPIRATORY EQUIPMENT (such as FFP3 or equivalent standard) when working in the vicinity of the spray plume. DISPOS PROTECTIVE GLOVES after use.	JCT)), HE fed vhen an
In compliance	MO Antifouling System Convention compliant (AFS/CONF/26).	
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	lot applicable.	
Special packaging requiren		

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings	:	Not applicable.
Tactile warning of danger	:	Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	Weight %	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
dicopper oxide	REACH #: 01-2119513794-36 EC: 215-270-7 CAS: 1317-39-1 Index: 029-002-00-X	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=100) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=100)	[1]
xylene	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
colophony	REACH #: 01-2119480418-32 EC: 232-475-7 CAS: 8050-09-7 Index: 650-015-00-7	≤10	Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤10	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
zineb	EC: 235-180-1 CAS: 12122-67-7 Index: 006-078-00-2	≤10	Flam. Sol. 1, H228 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child) STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0. 1% Benzene)	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 EC: 918-668-5 CAS: 64742-95-6	≤3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated	REACH #: 01-2119976378-19	≤0.3	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	:	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	1	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	1	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eve contact.

Contains colophony, zineb, fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated. May produce an allergic reaction.

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.3 Indication of any imm	ediate medical attention and special treatment needed
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Hazards from the substance or mixture	1	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	1	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	1	Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
For non-emergency personnel	1	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	
For emergency responders	:	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.	
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.	
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available. solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
xylene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
colophony	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Inhalation sensitiser. STEL: 0.15 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume
Date of issue/Date of revision : 26.0	TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume 3.2019 Date of previous issue : 08.11.2018 Version : 2 6/17

ethylbenzene	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed
etrybenzene	through skin.
	STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018). Absorbed
······································	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzen	e) EH40-WEL (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: All forms
	TWA: 40 ppm 8 hours. Form: All forms
procedures atmosphere of the ventila protective eq the following the assessm limit values a atmospheres of exposure to (Workplace a for the meas	t contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness tion or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory uipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for ent of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures urement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance or methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	l.	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
xylene		Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
-		Inhalation	-		
		Short term	289 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	, C		
		Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Ū	bw/day		
		Long term	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	U U		
		Long term Dermal	108 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		J	bw/day		,
		Long term	14.8 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation	U U		,
		Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		5	bw/day		,
colophony		Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		J	bw/day		,
		Long term	176 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ū		
		Long term Dermal	15 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		Ū	bw/day		
		Long term	52 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
		Inhalation	U U		
		Long term Oral	15 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
		Ū	bw/day		
zinc oxide		Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		Ū	bw/day		
		Long term	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	Ŭ		
		Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg	Consumers	Systemic
e of issue/Date of revision : 26.	.03.2019	Date of previous issue	:08.11.2	018	Version : 2

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

ECTION 6. Exposure controls/		Clion		
		bw/day	2	
	Long term Inhalation	2.5 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Oral	0.83 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
ethylbenzene	Short term Inhalation	293 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	Long term Dermal	180 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	77 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	15 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Oral	1.6 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Short term Inhalation	553.5 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	Long term Dermal	50.6 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	18.1 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	43.9 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Oral	3.3 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	150 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Inhalation	32 mg/m ³	Consumers	Systemic
	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
dicopper oxide	Fresh water	7.8 μg/l	-
	Marine	5.2 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	230 µg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	87 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	676 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	65 mg/kg dwt	-
xylene	Fresh water	0.327 mg/l	-
,	Marine	0.327 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	6.58 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	12.46 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.31 mg/kg dwt	-
colophony	Fresh water	0.0054 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.00054 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	1000 mg/l ັ	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.02 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	0.002 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	0.0015 mg/kg dwt	-
zinc oxide	Fresh water	20.6 µg/l	-
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Sconor o. Exposure controls/p		· · ·	
	Marine	6.1 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	52 µg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	117.8 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	56.5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	35.6 mg/kg dwt	-
ethylbenzene	Fresh water	0.1 mg/l	-
	Marine	0.01 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	9.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	13.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	2.68 mg/kg dwt	-
	Secondary Poisoning	20 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	-
	Marine	1 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Fresh water sediment	52.3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	5.2 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	5.49 mg/kg dwt	-

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	 Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Individual protection meas	<u>iures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection	
Gloves	 There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) > 8 hours: fluor rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), nitrile rubber, 4H, Teflon May be used, gloves(breakthrough time) 4 - 8 hours: neoprene Not recommended, gloves(breakthrough time) < 1 hour: butyl rubber, PVC
	For right choice of glove materials, with focus on chemical resistance and time of penetration, seek advice by the supplier of chemical resistant gloves.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
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Body protection	 Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use a respirator according to EN 140. Use respiratory mask with charcoal and dust filter when spraying this product, according to EN 14387(as filter combination A2-P2). In confined spaces, use compressed-air or fresh-air respiratory equipment. When use of roller or brush, consider use of charcoalfilter.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Various colours.
Odour	: Characteristic.
Odour threshold	: Not applicable.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: Lowest known value: 120.17°C (248.3°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol). Weighted average: 136.72°C (278.1°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 25°C
Evaporation rate	: Highest known value: 0.84 (ethylbenzene) Weighted average: 0.79compared with butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	: 0.8 - 13.74%
Vapour pressure	: Highest known value: 1.2 kPa (9.3 mm Hg) (at 20°C) (ethylbenzene). Weighted average: 0.99 kPa (7.43 mm Hg) (at 20°C)
Vapour density	: Highest known value: 3.7 (Air = 1) (xylene). Weighted average: 3.64 (Air = 1)
Density	: 1.62 to 1.67 g/cm ³
Solubility(ies)	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Lowest known value: 270°C (518°F) (1-methoxy-2-propanol).
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C): >0.205 cm ² /s (>20.5 mm ² /s)
Explosive properties	: Not available.
Oxidising properties	: Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
:	Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
1	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
1	When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.
1	Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
1	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains colophony, zineb, fatty acids, C14-18 and C16-18-unsatd., maleated. May produce an allergic reaction. Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dicopper oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and	Rat	3.34 mg/l	4 hours
	mists			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
xylene	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	20 mg/l	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Dermal	Rabbit	4300 mg/kg	-
zineb	LD50 Oral	Rat	1850 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rabbit	4000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	1634.1 mg/kg
Dermal	7360.7 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	55.21 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	11.61 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.		1		
<u>Sensitisation</u>					
Conclusion/Summary	 Not available 				

Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Mutagenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Reproductive toxicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.
Teratogenicity	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
xylene	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
zineb	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation and Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethylbenzene	Category 2	Not determined	hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
xylene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Other information

: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
dicopper oxide	Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
zinc oxide	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
zineb	Acute EC50 0.38 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute LC50 970 to 1800 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.225 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.05 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella vulgaris	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l	Algae	48 hours
-	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.2 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	Acute EC50 <10 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Acute IC50 <10 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
	Acute LC50 <10 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
Conclusion/Summary	: Water polluting material. May be har quantities. This material is very toxic		•

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.				
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
dicopper oxide xylene zinc oxide ethylbenzene hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	- - - -	- - - -	Not readily Readily Not readily Readily Not readily	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
xylene	3.12	8.1 to 25.9	low
colophony	1.9 to 7.7	-	high
zinc oxide	-	60960	high
zineb	1.3	-	-
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	-	low
hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics, (<0.1% Benzene)	-	10 to 2500	high

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT	and vPvB assessment

PBT	: Not applicable.
vPvB	: Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Deschart		
<u>Product</u>		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non- recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.	
Hazardous waste	: The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.	
Disposal considerations	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.	
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: 08 01 11* Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other dangerous substances	
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	
Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. 	
Type of packaging	European waste catalogue (EWC)	
CEPE Paint Guidelines	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	1263	1263	1263	1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	Paint	Paint	Paint. Marine pollutant (dicopper oxide, zinc oxide)	Paint
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)				3
14.4 Packing group				111
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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	Tunnel restriction code: (D/E) Hazard identification number: 30 Special provisions: 640E	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules (EmS)</u> F-E, <u>S-E</u>	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for	÷	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Transport in bulk	: Not applicable.
according to Annex II of	
Marpol and the IBC Code	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and envir	on	mental regulations/legislation specific	for the substance or	mixture	
EU Regulation (EC) No. 190	7/2	<u>2006 (REACH)</u>			
Annex XIV - List of substa	nc	es subject to authorisation			
Annex XIV	Annex XIV				
None of the components a	None of the components are listed.				
Substances of very high	Substances of very high concern				
None of the components a	re	isted.			
Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles	:	Not applicable.			
Other EU regulations					
VOC	:	The provisions of Directive 2004/42/EC product label and/or technical data she			
VOC for Ready-for-Use Mixture	:	Not applicable.			
Europe inventory	:	At least one component is not listed.			
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	:	Listed			
Ozone depleting substance	es	<u>(1005/2009/EU)</u>			
Not listed.					
Prior Informed Consent (P		<u>(649/2012/EU)</u>			
Ingredient name			Annex	Status	
Zineb			Annex I - Part 1	Listed	
Seveso Directive			I	I	

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

National regulations

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

15.2 Chemical safety	: Not applicable.
assessment	

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
Key literature references and sources for data	 This product does not contain organotin compounds acting as biocides and complies with the International Convention on the Control of Harmful Anti-fouling Systems on Ships as adopted by IMO in October 2001 (IMO document AFS/ CONF/26).

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1, H317	Calculation method
Repr. 2, H361d (Unborn child)	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

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SECTION 16: Other	information
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H228	Flammable solid.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

H411

Acute Tox. 4, H302		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H312		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
Acute Tox. 4, H332		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1, H400		ACUTE AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Eye Dam. 1, H318		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 2, H225		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Flam. Sol. 1, H228		FLAMMABLE SOLIDS - Category 1
Repr. 2, H361d		REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY (Unborn child) - Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1, H317		SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
STOT RE 2, H373		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
		EXPOSURE - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H335		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
STOT SE 3, H336		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE
		(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
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revision		

Date of previous issue Version

Notice to reader

The information in this document is given to the best of Jotun's knowledge, based on laboratory testing and practical experience. Jotun's products are considered as semi-finished goods and as such, products are often used under conditions beyond Jotun's control. Jotun cannot guarantee anything but the quality of the product itself. Minor product variations may be implemented in order to comply with local requirements. Jotun reserves the right to change the given data without further notice.

: 08.11.2018

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Users should always consult Jotun for specific guidance on the general suitability of this product for their needs and specific application practices.

If there is any inconsistency between different language issues of this document, the English (United Kingdom) version will prevail.

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